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## WAS IT A PLOT?

Minister Stevens Must Explain His Action at Honolulu.

Reports Indicate That He Was in League With the Revolutionists.

WAS HE BACKED UP BY THE WASHINGTON GOVERNMENT?

Particular Course Pursued by the Commander of the American Cruiser Boston—What Queen Liliuokalani Said Was Her Reason for Yielding Up Her Throne—Our Policy in the Past—Sentiment on the Pacific Coast.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 1.—The State Department has been officially notified that the Commissioners of the Hawaiian Republic will arrive here on Saturday. So far as can be ascertained, no dispatches have been received from Minister John L. Stevens, who represented this country at the court of Queen Liliuokalani prior to the overthrow of that sovereign. The supposition is that his dispatches to this Government are in the hands of the commissioners and will be presented by them to the Secretary of State. Much importance is attached to their contents, for, as the case now stands, the Minister is accused of using the marines of the American cruiser Boston to intimidate the Queen and her adherents and to place the revolutionists in control of national affairs.

Liliuokalani insists that she yielded not to the revolutionists in Honolulu, but to the superior force of the United States. The action of the court in holding the United States responsible for her dethronement may have been one result of British diplomacy. When the Claudine sailed for San Francisco the British representative at Honolulu had not recognized the provisional government. He saw in the success of the revolution the complete overthrow of British influence on the islands, and therefore concluded to stand alone among all the foreign representatives in refusing to treat with the new authorities. His attitude of friendship for the Queen—who has always favored the English—is regarded as an indication that the British policy so far as he can shape it, will be one of opposition to annexation. He is believed to have advised Liliuokalani to charge the United States Minister with aiding in her dethronement for the purpose of arousing in Great Britain a sentiment against the acquisition of the islands by our Government.

MUST DEAL WITH ENGLAND. The Queen's protest against the action of Minister Stevens can be easily worked into a pathetic appeal against a war for acquisition of territory by a superior power, and the British could then be treated to distressing stories of how the helpless little kingdom is being swallowed up by the United States. This is the view of the situation taken by those here who are acquainted with the conditions which prevail in Hawaii, and it is predicted that the Washington authorities will have to deal with Great Britain before any scheme for annexation is carried out.

It was publicly said in Honolulu that the only thing which prevented the Queen from carrying out in October her threat of prosecuting Parliament was the presence of the Boston and the Alliance in the port of Honolulu. It was until the Boston went to sea on a short cruise, the Alliance having been removed from the station, that the Queen's plan was carried out.

These facts from Honolulu leads to much speculation here of a highly interesting character, and the interest is heightened by the fact that it cannot now be determined just what the outgoing Hawaiian Government and the Cleveland administration may be called upon to do.

SENTIMENT ON THE COAST. Mr. J. B. Montgomery, a very wealthy citizen of Portland, Ore., and son-in-law of the late Gov. Phelps of Missouri, who is stopping at the Shoreham, was another gentleman who spoke about the Hawaiian question in no uncertain terms. "Take them in by all means," he said. "Perhaps a protectorate first leading to ultimate annexation. Talk about England fighting—it is simply ridiculous. "John Bull wants no trouble with us and would suffer his nose rubbed in the dirt rather than to go to war with the United States. He is not in it when it comes to annexing these islands, would be to give him his passports, and notify his country that we propose to go straight ahead and annex. While I am on the subject I will go

"How faded she is." How often it is said. Her friends see it, her husband sees it. She realizes it herself with a pang. Often she don't know the reason, sometimes she does know, but will not go to her doctor for a remedy. She need not go.

A woman can write freely to a woman, can tell her all about the painful female trouble.

Are you faded? Do you suffer without knowing why? Do you know why? In other case write to Lydia E. Pinkham, whose *Vegetable Compound* is a permanent cure for the worst forms of female diseases; it instantly relieves all weaknesses and ailments peculiar to the sex; she knows the cause, and treats it with great success.

All druggists sell it, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of 5¢. Correspondence freely answered. Address, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICAL CO., LYNN, MASS., U.S.A.

Further and say that it is time to drive every vestige of British domination off this continent. "They have encroached on us as North and South and try to maintain a state of perpetual terror by keeping their big men of war at Bermuda as a sort of reminder that they could steam up our coast and land in New York City. Now is a time to put a stop to their aggression. Let us show our American mettle and run up the American flag in Honolulu.

THE NEW CONSTITUTION. COMMISSIONER EVANS THROWS A NEW LIGHT ON THE CAUSE OF THE REVOLUTION. CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—In a published interview Thomas A. Evans, Commissioner of Queen Liliuokalani of Hawaii, who is visiting relatives here, is quoted as follows: "The cause of the revolution is ascribed to the so-called 'new constitution' to be proclaimed by the Queen. It would be well, perhaps, to wait for further advice before we accept this statement. This so-called 'new Constitution' was simply a restoration of the Constitution under which the Hawaiian people were governed by King Kamehameha III. The interests that are now represented in the 'on to Washington' committee, and led by the same L. A. Thurston, forced upon the Queen and the majority of her subjects. It was in compliance with the almost unanimous demand of the natives, both South and North, and of over two-thirds of the voters in the kingdom, that the Queen intended to return to the original Constitution, which restored to the natives the rights taken away by the last one.

"The obstacles in the way of annexation are many. There is the Chinese question. How can the United States admit the 20,000 residents of the islands to citizenship? Most of these are the coolies of the very lowest type, brought from China under contract to work on the plantations at \$15 per month. How can we extend the franchise to these people to come into our fold, while our present laws remain on the statute books? The debt of Hawaii is little less than \$2,000,000, mostly held in England.

"There are other interests in Hawaii to protect besides the American planters. There are the interests of the natives, which cannot be overlooked. A little over one hundred years ago these numbered 400,000. Through the introduction of civilization, with its clothing and whisky, there remain now scarcely 30,000, and instead of the magnificent physical specimens of manhood of yore, with their tracts of valuable land, we have scarcely a moderately wealthy native left. Their lands have been gobbled up by the missionary, the adventurer and speculator. To crown all, this committee comes now with the proposition to confiscate the entire kingdom, lands, natives and all."

OUR POLICY IN THE PAST. HOW FORMER ADMINISTRATIONS HAVE REGARDED THE HAWAIIAN QUESTION. WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 1.—The records of the State Department show that the Hawaiian question is not a new one. In 1841 Daniel Webster, then Secretary of State, wrote to the United States Minister at Honolulu:

"The Hawaiian Islands are ten times nearer to the United States than any of the powers of Europe. There are other interests in Hawaii to protect besides the American planters. There are the interests of the natives, which cannot be overlooked. A little over one hundred years ago these numbered 400,000. Through the introduction of civilization, with its clothing and whisky, there remain now scarcely 30,000, and instead of the magnificent physical specimens of manhood of yore, with their tracts of valuable land, we have scarcely a moderately wealthy native left. Their lands have been gobbled up by the missionary, the adventurer and speculator. To crown all, this committee comes now with the proposition to confiscate the entire kingdom, lands, natives and all."

## VEST AND OPTIONS.

The Senate's Course the Subject of Exciting Debate at Jefferson City.

RESOLUTION OFFERED SUSTAINING HIS ACTION ON THE HATCH BILL.

Trying to Delay Report on the Stone Underground Wire Bill—Firemen's Pension Fund—An Election Measure—After Criminal Courts—Railway Legislation—Of Special Interest to St. Louis.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 1.—United States Senator Vest's speech and vote on the anti-option bill was the subject of an exciting discussion in the lower branch of the general assembly. It was practically a resolution offered by Fogle of Schuyler, the Democratic leader, endorsing Senator Vest's course. This was regarded as a singular proceeding in view of the fact that the House by a large majority passed a resolution a week or ten days ago endorsing the anti-option bill, which resolution Mr. Vest deliberately disregarded.

As soon as the resolution was introduced a letter was read from Senator Vest written in reply to a communication from Representative Patrick of Jackson County. In the letter the talented senator from Missouri said he regretted that the House had sent to endorse such a bill. Rather than vote for it, he would quit public life forever. With the exception of the force bill it was in his judgment the worst species of legislation attempted during his service in the Senate. It antagonized the doctrine of state rights, violated the Constitution of the United States.

When the resolution was read Coots of Platte offered an amendment that Cockrell, who voted for the bill, be also endorsed. Davidson of Marion offered another amendment endorsing the position of Hatch on the anti-option bill.

Then came the flow of oratory. Fogle was worked up and said some sharp things to Davidson, who insisted on the endorsement of Hatch.

Representative Jim Moore of Laclede and Coots of Platte also had a tilt which ran into a fire of sarcasm, in which the former had the advantage.

THE DEBATE. The debate grew wearisome, but the members seemed to be in no hurry to adjourn. It continued until after the noon hour. Fogle tried hard to have a vote taken on the Vest endorsement, while Coots and Davidson wanted Cockrell and Hatch, despite the adoption of such a resolution.

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## STILL IN SLAVERY.

The Irish National League Denounces the Home Rule Bill.

IT CONCEDES NOTHING DEMANDED BY THE FRIENDS OF LIBERTY.

And Will Not Be Adopted by the British Parliament—An Appeal for United Action—Debate in the Commons on the Queen's Speech—Agricultural Interests—Gleanings From Many Points Abroad.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—This circular has been sent out by the officers of the Irish National League for the purpose of informing the Irishmen of the United States of the latest developments in the history of our country and we feel that in such a crisis as this our part would be criminal. The British statesman, the Rt. Hon. William Ewart Gladstone, will within the next few days introduce in the British Parliament a home rule measure for Ireland. The character of this measure we know. We have carefully studied its provisions and we have arrived at our conclusions regarding it.

We are of the opinion that the measure is a mere mass of legal verbiage intended to give no satisfaction to any party. We believe that even its promoters do not hope to get it through Parliament, and that it is designed for an excuse for shelving the Irish question. Gladstone will have done his best, and the Irish must be content to remain in slavery. Even should the bill pass it would only give Ireland a still lower level of civilization. There would be a make-believe Parliament, entirely at the mercy of an English official with practically unlimited powers. The Lord Lieutenant would be to all intents an absolute ruler over a miserable crown colony. He would have his soldiers and his armed constabulary to enforce his wishes, and the Parliament would be a nullity. The measure is more remarkable for its provisions concerning what the proposed Parliament shall not do than for any powers it confers on an Irish Legislature.

So hedged in it with conditions that it falls short of every measure of 1868. The Irish Legislature, "provided" for would be legislators merely in name, without the power to interfere in the matters most concerning their country. They might not even raise one penny for any purpose whatsoever, except in pursuance of instructions from her majesty, that is to say, from whatever English party happened to be in office. All sources of revenue would still remain in the hands of the Imperial Government, the constabulary would continue a crown force and the judges would be the puppets of the Viceroy. Ireland cannot prosper as a mere agricultural country, and a Parliament without the power to build up trade would be worse than worthless. The proposed Parliament would have no such power, and would not be able to protect even the least of her interests. Any legislation whatsoever affecting the land question would be beyond its reach for years to come, and even in the matter of guarding the coast it would be for England to say whether or not Ireland should be a sort of British lazaretto. With the consent of the British Government the Irish Parliament might build a bridge, construct a road, reclaim a bog or legislate "concerning gas, water and electricity."

Have Irishmen fallen so low that they will accept such a measure as this? We think not. We believe that the national spirit is immortal and that our people will refuse to barter their nationhood. Strong in this belief and full of hope for the future of our country we declare that the home rule proposals of Mr. Gladstone are inadequate and that the principle of independence ought to be maintained. We call for an expression of the opinion of all Irishmen who will defend the Irish people and their country. We advise the formation of clubs wherever there are Irishmen, and we advise the people to improve the condition of Ireland. Even those who are the most inclined to undertake the resources of our race must be welded into one homogeneous mass working for Ireland's redemption. We call on all Irishmen to unite in this grand movement. To achieve this grand result is the goal of our ambition, and we call upon you to join us, so that we may be able to meet the century by the fulfillment of our hopes.

M. V. GANNON, President. JOHN P. SUTTON, Secretary. WILLIAM LYMAN, Treasurer.

CABLE NEWS IN BRIEF. The mosaic and the documents to be sent by the Vatican to the World's Fair are so precious that two of the cruiser Newark's crew will guard them night and day during the voyage. United States Consul Ashby will leave Colon for New York on Feb. 2, leaving the consular office to the care of Vice-Consul Robinson. Michael Keapock, a cabin passenger on the steamer Majestic, which has arrived at Queenstown, died of consumption on Sunday, and was buried at sea. James H. Hobson, formerly manager of the Anglo-American Bank in Paris, has been acquitted of the charge of misappropriating the bank's funds.

The Madrid official gazette announces that the King has scarlatina. No serious danger is apprehended by his physicians. George S. Batscheller, United States Minister to Portugal, to-day took formal leave of the King. The Independence Belge publishes an interview with M. Allard, Belgian delegate to the conference, in which he says that the conference certainly will be reconvened next June.

THE DUAL HOUSES. No Attempt Made by Populists to Eject Republicans at Topeka. TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 1.—The anticipated climax to the struggle between the two houses of the Legislature failed of materialization. The two Houses met at the regular hour and no attempt was made by the Populists to forcibly eject the Republicans from the hall. No business of any importance was transacted, and neither body and both houses took a recess until 2 p. m.

THE NEBRASKA CONTEST. LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 1.—As a result of the populist caucus last night John H. Powers only received one vote in the joint senatorial ballot to-day. W. L. Greene of Kearney received fifty of the fifty-four independent votes. The Republican vote was scattered; Paddock, 25; Thurston, 14; Major, 10. The Democrats also distributed their favors about as formerly.

FUSING THE CLAIMS OF FRANCIS. WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 1.—Ex-Postmaster-General Hutton prints this in his newspaper to-day: "A dignified gentleman of Chesterfieldian manners is ex-Congressman Broadhead of St. Louis, who has been on legal business. At Willard's last night he was talking to me. He is a Missouri man and is enthusiastically desirous that ex-Gov. Francis should have a place in Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet, and a resolution to that effect was passed by our Legislature. Gov. Francis is one of the brightest men of our country, and the limit of his intellectual growth is not yet reached. He has ever played a prominent part in the history of the State, and whether as Postmaster-General or Secretary of the Interior. There may be other reasons for his membership in Mr. Cleveland's official family from Missouri, but the people of our state want Francis."

PENNYROYN AND THE PLUTOCRATS. SALER, Ore., Feb. 1.—Gov. Pennyroyn received a letter yesterday from his Adjutant-General asking permission to use two brass cannons belonging to the State for the purpose of firing a salute on inauguration day. The Governor sent the following reply: "No permission will be given to use State cannons for firing a salute on the inauguration of a Wall Street plutocrat as President of the United States."

THE GUARANTEED CURE FOR ALL HEADACHES. Bromo-Seltzer—trial bottle free.

## That Coffee

Is Simply Awful.

Young Housekeeper will readily find out what more experienced matrons have long known that to regulate the men is a good thing, and the easiest way is to give them a cup of

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Watches Went With a Whirl,

And Here Are the Winners:

Mamie Roth, 4370 Garfield avenue. Henry Kraemer, 2249 Dodder street. Mrs. Traynor, 2018 1/2 Wash street.

For particulars, want ads. on which prizes were won, etc., see local article in to-day's paper.

Thousands of persons have seen these Watches in the window of E. H. Kortkamp & Co., 507 Franklin avenue, and have wondered how we can afford to give away such valuable presents. It is a wonder—but we do it.

NEXT SUNDAY

There will be given away, THREE ELEGANT WATCHES to want ad. guessers. Every paper on that day will contain a coupon, and everybody who has a coupon can guess. The Watches are to be seen in the window of the E. Jaccard Jewelry Co., corner Sixth and Olive streets.

TWELVE MORE WANT "12." PRIZE WINNERS:

A 162 THE WINNER. WANTED—A young lady in office address in Iowa writing; refs. Ad. 162, this office.

The announcement of the conditions was made each day last week by the Post-Dispatch. Of the twelve prizes offered twelve were won by successful contestants, whose answer as to the want ad. receiving the largest number of answers was correct. There were several other correct answers. The twelve prizes offered were awarded the twelve answers first examined.

CONTEST OF SUNDAY, JAN. 29, 1893—THE PRIZE WINNERS ARE:

First Prize—Julius Fromm, 3418 Alberta. Second Prize—Miss J. A. Jones, 2603 Glasgow av. Third Prize—E. A. Hammond, 2120 Olive. Fourth Prize—J. P. Powells, 1321 Chouteau av. Fifth Prize—T. E. Wallace, 2737 Lafayette av. Sixth Prize—J. W. Long, 109 S. Fifteenth. Seventh Prize—Miss Stella King, 2609 Glasgow av. Eighth Prize—Miss Nellie Helm, 2646 Lucas av. Ninth Prize—J. R. Smith, 605 N. Seventeenth. Tenth Prize—Mary Pettigrew, 2928 Washington. Eleventh Prize—C. H. Hibbs, 1616 N. Eighteenth. Twelfth Prize—C. G. Loring, 4127 W. Bell.

Post-Dispatch Want Ads Are Winners

GAS EXPLOSION. RIOT THREATENED.

House Wrecked and Five People Seriously Injured. Trouble Growing Out of the Journeymen Bakers' Strike at Marseilles.

MARSEILLES, Feb. 1.—In consequence of a strike among the journeymen bakers of this city, the military bakeries are supplying the public with bread. A violent mob of strikers and their sympathizers threatened to attack the military depots at which the bread is baked, while another mob attempted to burn the bakeries. Troops were called out and dispersed the crowds of rioters.

WATCHING LEGISLATION. OTTAWA, Ontario, Feb. 1.—The Knights of Labor will send a delegation to watch the proceedings of the Dominion Parliament this session. They are asking for legislation to protect the Canadian laborer from the importation of cheap goods from the municipalities where they may reside.

HUNGARIAN STRIKERS ARRESTED. BUDA PESTH, Feb. 1.—Three of the leaders in the agitation that resulted in a strike of the military bakeries are supplying the public with bread. A violent mob of strikers and their sympathizers threatened to attack the military depots at which the bread is baked, while another mob attempted to burn the bakeries. Troops were called out and dispersed the crowds of rioters.

THE ZANTE DISASTER. ATHENS, Feb. 1.—M. Tricoupe announced to the Chamber of Deputies to-day that the earthquake yesterday on the island of Zante was the worst that had occurred there since the memory of the oldest inhabitant. Details of the disturbance, he said, were appalling. It was believed that a great number of villages had suffered to a great extent as Zante, the capital of the island.

The finest candy in the city at the Crescent, 912 Olive street.

O'Neill Makes Gains. The recent of votes in the O'Neill-Joy contest was resumed in the office of the Recorder of Voters this morning. Boxes from the Fifty-seventh Precinct, South Ward, and from the Fifty-fifth Precinct, Sixteenth Ward, were examined and in each O'Neill gained a number of votes. In the first named the result gave O'Neill a gain of 10 votes over the original count and Joy a gain of 4 votes.

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**THE DELICATESSEN CAFE DWYER'S STABLE.**  
215 OLIVE STREET.  
For Ladies and Gentlemen.  
**STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.**  
**CITY NEWS.**

Private matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinwiddie, 214 Pine st.  
Dr. E. C. Chase,  
20 Olive street. Set of teeth, 25.  
**HE HAD A "PULL."**

Nevertheless Judge Paxson Fined Mike Martin \$50 for a Brutal Assault.  
Mike Martin was fined \$50 by Judge Paxson to-day for one of the most cruel cases of brutal beating which has come to the notice of the Second District Police Court officials in some time. His victim was Minnie Brady, and last Saturday he went to the house where she lives in Lucas avenue, near Ninth street, and used up four chairs on her. Among other injuries she received a broken hand and several cuts and bruises. He then fastened his teeth in her nose, and might have cut the organ off completely but for the interference of spectators. Assistant City Attorney Mulvihill would not show Martin any mercy because the fellow was up in court several times before for beating women, usually Minnie Brady. Speaker of the House of Delegates Tom Ward, used his influence to get Martin out of once or twice, and the last time, Mr. Mulvihill let him go because the man's sister was in the point of death. Minnie Brady testified to-day that Martin sometimes boasted that she could not hurt him by having him restrained. He said his friends, Tom Ward and others, put Judge Paxson and Assistant City Attorney Mulvihill in their present positions, and these officials were unable to punish him. Mr. Mulvihill took care to see that Martin went to the workhouse.

**A GRAND CIRCLE TOUR**  
Is offered by the Los Angeles route from St. Louis to the City of Mexico. The line traversed will be the Iron Mountain route St. Louis to Texarkana, Texas & Pacific to Longview, I. & G. N. to Laredo, Mexican National to City of Mexico, Mexican Railway to Vera Cruz, Ward Steamship Line to Havana, Cuba; Plant Steamship Line to Port Tampa, Fla., and any direct all-rail route from Port Tampa to St. Louis. This elegant trip is offered at the very low rate of \$12.00. Tickets on sale until April 30, good going thirty days from date of sale, and good for return until June 1, 1893. Stop-over privileges will be allowed at any point in Texas and Mexico at leisure; also at Matamoros to enable passengers to visit the famous Hot Springs of Arkansas. On the return trip stop-overs will be allowed at Havana, Cuba, Key West and other points in Florida. Never was a more delightful trip offered at such low rates. Further particulars furnished by S. W. Elliott, City Ticket Agent, n. w. cor. Broadway and Olive, St. Louis.

**Hotel Arrivals.**  
Among the prominent arrivals at the hotels this morning are: J. S. Elliott, of Knoxville, Mo., a prominent real estate contractor; at the Southern; C. C. Bell of Cooper County, the apple king of Missouri, at the Lincoln; Hon. Champ Clark of Bowling Green, Mo., ex-Attorney-General; at the Lincoln; Clinton, Mo., Congressman Dick Norton of Troy, Mo.; C. H. Briggs, President of the Central College, Fayette, Mo.; and W. Q. McFarlin, Mayor of Fairbury, Mo., at the Lincoln.

**A Glass of pure milk—a bowl of rich cream—a health-giving food for babies. Highest Evaporated Cream is always delicious and untainted.**

**Federal Court Notes.**  
None of the Federal Courts were in session this morning. The Circuit Court of Appeals has adjourned to Monday next, owing to the fact that Judge Thayer will be called upon to sit with this court. Both the Circuit and the District Courts have adjourned to Feb. 26.

**This morning Thomas Mooney of 208 North Levee was arraigned before United States Commissioner Edwards with a \$5,000 bail, and was committed to the city jail without the payment of a special tax. He was discharged on hearing.**

**Two Peerless Knobs pianos sold by J. A. Kieselhorst, 1000 Olive street.**

**Draw the Line on Dog Shows.**  
ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 1.—The Rev. Barton W. Perry, the young pastor of Grace Presbyterian Church, a small organization in the suburbs of this city, has resigned on account of the entertainments, the church has recently been giving aid to the dog show. He said to-day: "The dog shows, which it has been the custom to hold every week or so in my church, have been a hindrance to the highest aims of Christianity, and I cannot but labor harmoniously in such surroundings."

**For fine chocolates go to the Crescent, 912 Olive street.**

**A Clothing Firm Falls.**  
JACKSONVILLE, Feb. 1.—Yesterday the clothing store of Goodrich & Sons made an assignment. The liabilities are placed at \$100,000, and it is expected that more than 50 cents on the dollar will be paid.

**TETTER AND CRYSTELAS**

Neck Covered With Glandular Swellings. Scrofula. Ears Running. Suffered Terribly.

All Remedies Fail. Tries Cuticura. First Application Relieves. Complete Cure in 3 Weeks.

Two years ago I was poisoned in my hands. They took Tetter. They were swollen and running from the neck. I was unable to do any work on my back. My neck was covered with glandular swellings—scrofula. I suffered terribly. I began to use CUTICURA. The first application relieved me very much, and in three weeks my ears, head and face were well. CUTICURA cured me when all other remedies failed, and I had despaired of ever being any better. I cannot but recommend it to my suffering friends, for I do so with the most pleasant and best remedy for skin diseases I ever saw.  
Mrs. LIZZIE HALL, Fairview, Ill.

**Cuticura Remedies**

Have cured me of every form of Eczema from which I was suffering, namely, sore eyes, weak back, sick stomach and nervous headache. I was pronounced incurable by the doctors. I doctored for four years and kept getting worse. I found the CUTICURA Remedies, which I believe have saved my life. I highly recommend them to all my friends.  
Box 14, Midway, Mo., W. H. WHITE.

**CUTICURA RESOLVENT**, the new Blood and Skin Purifier and Humor Remedy, internally cleanses the blood of all impurities, while CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, externally cleanses the skin. It is the most perfect and healthful, externally, clear the skin of every trace of disease.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c; SOAP, 25c; RESOLVENT, 50c. Sold by the PORTER, DAVIS AND COMPANY, CORPORATION, Boston, Mass.

**"How to Cure Skin Diseases,"** 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and testimonials, mailed free.

**PIM**, blackhead, red, rough, chapped and oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

**MUSCULAR STRAINS**

and pains, backache, weak kidneys, rheumatism and chest pains relieved in one minute by the CUTICURA Anti-inflammatory Pain-Killing Plaster.

**MY GROCER PUT ME ONTO**

**THIS CLAR ETTE SOAP,**

and it does just what he claims for it.

Ask your Grocer for it, and insist on having it.

THE BEST SOAP MADE FOR ALL HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

MADE ONLY BY N.K. FAIRBANK & CO. St. Louis.

Every Smoker's Nose

knows when it is pleased. It is always pleased with the fragrant and peculiar aroma of

**Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco**

Which has been for more than a quarter of a century the desire and delight of comfort lovers everywhere. It strikes the taste of many fastidious smokers. Try it.

Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co., DURHAM, N. C.

successful at the course across the river. The weather was damp and cheerless, the track hard and fast, but the sport was extremely uninteresting. Fisher and Bain both piloted two winners. Ethel Fortune and Rose were equal favorites for the 2 to 1 opening scramble, which was captured by Leadville, a 2 to 1 shot. Fortune won at 10 to 10 and closed at 3 to 5. Leadville was successful with one and one-half lengths to spare in the next race. The favorite, named down from 3 to 2 to even money in the third event, which, however, was won by Diana, a second choice at 2 to 1. The favorite did not even show. Oakview, another outsider, who opened at 8 and closed at 6 to 1, won the handicap by at least three lengths from Belle M. Mackay, a 6 to 5, won the closing race with ease. There were at least five lengths' difference between him and Chio, who was second, at the finish.

**THE GLOBE IS SURPRISING EVERYBODY.** The Dog That Barks Never Bites! We Do Not Store Away or Conceal Any of Our Stock—Like Our "Barking" Competitor—But Include in This Sale the Finest of Baltimore Merchant Tailor Suits and Overcoats!

Choice \$30 and \$25 Baltimore Merchant Tailor Suits and Overcoats down to \$12.75. Men's splendid Business Suits and Overcoats to \$3.65. Boys' \$20 Suits and Overcoats, \$12.75; good Suits and Overcoats at \$2.45. Children's Suits and Overcoats as low as 49c. Regular \$8 and \$10 garments, \$4.05. Men's Pants as low as 80c; finer in proportion. Boys' Pants from 19c up. \$2.50 Hats, \$1.30. Ladies' \$4 Naylor's hand-turned Shoes, \$2.75. Men's fine Calf Shoes, \$2.50. Cluett, Coon & Co.'s 25c Collars, 5c. Gold-headed Umbrellas, 50c. \$1 Underwear, 55c, etc., etc.

**GLOBE 701 to 713 Franklin Av. - GLOBE**

Open evenings until 9 o'clock; Saturdays until 11. Telephone 2840. Mail orders, to receive prompt attention for this sale, must be accompanied by cash, money order or draft.

**THE LAFAYETTE RIOT.**  
Efforts Made to Indict the Men Who Mobbed the Ex-Priest.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Feb. 1.—The Grand jury is engaged in an effort to indict the perpetrators of the assault upon George F. Rudolph, an ex-Catholic priest, at the opera house last Thursday evening. At least two hundred witnesses will be examined, and it is doubtful if the jury will complete its work this week.

Never in the history of Lafayette there has been so much excitement as prevails here now as a result of the occurrence of last Thursday night. Criticisms are flying in every direction. Spite is threatened politics, religious and commercial. Friendships cemented by years of intercourse are at the verge of dissolution. The Democratic press does not escape and no end of heavy editorial comment has been published for the edification of the factions. Mayor McGinley, who is also manager of the opera house, is censured by Republicans because he did not take the necessary steps to prevent or quell the riot. McGinley is equally aggrieved because the rioters invaded his theatre and he was unable to prevent it.

**ATHLETICS.**  
NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 1.—Not only every student of Yale but the professors, too, are taking sides on the question of the adoption of the new rule limiting athletics of the college to undergraduates. That all the athletic leaders of the university will resign office if the new rule is not adopted, is assured, and anarchy in athletic affairs will reign supreme for a time if this occurs. All the "football" boys, base ball and athletic authorities have issued a manifesto in which they announce that they have decided to support the rules restricting eligibility of membership on the grounds of the university to undergraduates.

**BOWLING.**  
The organization of the new Cockey Hat League is finished. It is known as the National Cockey Hat League, and the clubs are: Henriettes and Tuesdays, meeting at the Cockey Hat Club; Marquette Cockey Hat Club; St. Louis, Koerner's; Yosemite, the Cockey Hat Club; and the Western Bowling Club. The first meeting was on Monday night, when the St. Louis won "five" match in three games. The Western Bowling Club won the match in three games. The result becomes the decision of the entire question.

**EL RENO, O. T., Feb. 1.—**Harry Lee, the person commissioned by the Governor of Oklahoma to secure mineral specimens from the Wichita Mountains for the territorial exhibit at the World's Fair, was in the city yesterday. He reports that the Indians in the mountains are restless and angry because the miners are allowed to enter their lands and prospect for metals, and that they made an effort to kill Harry Lee and his party. He reports that the Indians are now armed and are now camped over in Oklahoma. The authorities at Washington have been informed of the condition of things, and to-day an escort of troops was asked for.

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**THURSDAY'S POST-DISPATCH**  
Is the medium the merchants use to tell the public of their wonderful reduction sales.

**In a Day or Two**

We will commence the last great Clearing Sale of the season. All of our \$25 Suits and Overcoats will go for \$12.50, and our \$7, \$8 and \$9 Pants for \$5. Wait! Wait! Don't spend a dollar till you see what we're going to do for you.

**F. W. Humphrey & Co.,**  
Broadway and Pine.

**ASK FOR THIS BRAND.**

**Swope's**

RELIABLE REDUCTIONS

STRICTLY RELIABLE MAKES AND QUALITIES

**MEN'S SHOES.**

Calf Bluchers, Best Material and Manufacture, Reduced to \$3.00 a Pair.

**CORK-SOLE SHOES**

A Continued Sale of \$5.00 Quality Reduced to \$3.50, And \$7.50 Quality Reduced to \$5.50.

**CURE IT!**

**THE SHOVEL-EM-OUT CLEARING SALE**

Choice \$30 and \$25 Baltimore Merchant Tailor Suits and Overcoats down to \$12.75. Men's splendid Business Suits and Overcoats to \$3.65. Boys' \$20 Suits and Overcoats, \$12.75; good Suits and Overcoats at \$2.45. Children's Suits and Overcoats as low as 49c. Regular \$8 and \$10 garments, \$4.05. Men's Pants as low as 80c; finer in proportion. Boys' Pants from 19c up. \$2.50 Hats, \$1.30. Ladies' \$4 Naylor's hand-turned Shoes, \$2.75. Men's fine Calf Shoes, \$2.50. Cluett, Coon & Co.'s 25c Collars, 5c. Gold-headed Umbrellas, 50c. \$1 Underwear, 55c, etc., etc.

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**NEBRASKA'S SCANDAL.**

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 1.—The unexpected return of Frank Hubbard, the farm boss, is likely to have a more important effect on the asylum case than was at first thought. The positive statement is made that he will give the state the benefit of his testimony, and this has carried consternation into the ranks of the men who had profited by the frauds. As a result of Hubbard's action it is announced from another quarter that C. W. Mosher of the broken bank has decided to tell the state the truth about the asylum case. Mosher was not a participant in this affair, but is familiar with the details and circumstances of the case, and his testimony is of great value. He has decided to tell the state the truth about the asylum case, and his testimony is of great value. He has decided to tell the state the truth about the asylum case, and his testimony is of great value.

**A SAVAGE HOG.**

ROCKFORD, Ill., Feb. 1.—While Charles Elliot was driving home one of his attacked and bit him, severing several arteries. He is in the hospital in a critical condition.

**A DISTURBANCE.**

Isn't what you want, if your stomach and bowels are irregular. They're not all you want, though, with the ordinary pill. It may relieve you for the moment, but you're usually in a worse state afterward than before.

**Shelly-Landragan.**

The marriage of Miss Margaret A. Landragan to Mr. James J. Shelly will take place this evening at St. John's Church. The bridesmaids are Misses Mollie and Jennie Landragan, and the groomsmen Messrs. Will Shelly and John J. Shelly. Thomas Murray, Frank Foreman, John Landragan and Will Macklin are to be the ushers. After the marriage a large reception takes place.

**Seventy-five Dollars Found by**

Buying a piano of any grade on easy payments at Koerber's, 1108 Olive. Pianos for rent.

**North St. Louis Notes.**

The Jacksonian Democratic Club will hold an important meeting to-morrow night at the hall, 4328 Easton avenue.

**IT IS YOUR OWN FAULT**

If you fail to take advantage of the bargains the retail merchants will advertise to-morrow's (Thursday) Post-Dispatch.

St. Louis, Feb. 1, 1893.

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